U. S. History Semester II Study Guide

Written prompts for WWI response:

 Should the U. S. have gone to war in World War I or stayed neutral? (Wilson and Norris speeches graphic organizer, TCI 22)

 How was WWI different from previous wars? (TCI 23)

 How did Americans support or oppose the war? (TCI 24)

 Should the U. S. have ratified the Treaty of Versailles? (TCI 25)

Other written prompts for final response:

 Who was the most important person in the 1920s?

 What caused the Great Depression?

 How effective was the New Deal at combating the Depression?

 Evaluate the effect of the Lend Lease Program (considering what happened and other possible options).

 How effective were American military strategies during WWII?

 How should the U. S. have ended the war against Japan?

 What was the effect of McCarthyism?

 What is the legacy of JFK?

 How successful were groups in getting equal rights during the Civil Rights movement?

 Did the counterculture’s emphasis on personal freedom improve or damage American society?

 Why was the Vietnam War difficult to win?

 What is the legacy of Nixon?

How did the Reagan Revolution impact the nation?

To what extent did Clinton, Bush, and Obama fulfill their domestic policy goals?

Terms:

 WWI

 Chapter 22 From Neutrality to War

 Central Powers

 Allied Powers

 U-boat

 Lusitania

 Unrestricted submarine warfare

 Sussex pledge

 Preparedness movement

 Zimmerman note

 Chapter 23 The Course and Conduct of WWI

 Selective Service Act

 American Expeditionary Force (AEF)

 369th Regiment

 Convoy

 Meuse-Argonne Offensive

 Chapter 24 The Home Front

 Woman’s Peace Party

 Committee on Public Information (CPI)

 Liberty Bonds

 Great Migration

 Espionage Act

 Sedition Act

 Wobblies

 Schenck v. U. S.

 Chapter 25

 Fourteen Points

 League of Nations

 Big Four

 War-guilt cause

 Treaty of Versailles

 Reservationist

 Irreconcilable

 Internationalist

The 1920s (TCI 26 and 28 for focus)

 Anti-suffrage interlude (what techniques were used to belittle the suffrage movement, and how were they effective or ineffective?)

 “Boom”

 26

 Sacco and Venzetti trial

 Red Scare

 Palmer Raids

 Quota system

 ACLU (American Civil Liberties Union)

 Back-to-Africa Movement

 Anti-Defamation League (ADL)

 28

 Charleston

 Roaring Twenties

 League of Women Voters

 Equal rights amendment (ERA)

 Jazz Age

 Harlem Renaissance

 Lost Generation

 28 Famous Americans

 Bruce Barton

 George Washington Carver

 Charles Lindbergh

 Amelia Earhart

 Henry Ford

 David Sarnoff

 Charlie Chaplin

 Alice Paul

 Margaret Sanger

 Louis Armstrong

 Bessie Smith

 Langston Hughes

 F. Scott Fitzgerald

 Georgia O’Keeffe

 Jim Thorpe

 Gertrude Ederle

 The Causes of the Great Depression (give details and evaluate their importance):

 TCI Chapter 30:

Stock Market Crash

 Black Tuesday

 Bank Failures

 Reduction in Purchasing

 Buying on margin

 Overproduction

 Underconsumption

 Hawley-Smoot Tariff

 Economic Policy with Europe

 Dust Bowl

 The Human Impacts of the Great Depression (chapter 32):

 Soup kitchen

 Breadline

 Black blizzard

 Dust Bowl

 *The Grapes of Wrath*

Okies

 Great Flood of 1936

 The New Deal and Its Legacy (chapter 33):

 National Industry Recovery Act

 Agricultural Adjustment Administration

 Civilian Conservation Corps

 Works Progress Administration

 Wagner Act

 Social Security Act

 Congress of Industrial Organizations

 New Deal Coalition

WWII

 Lend Lease and Pre-War Issues

 America First Committee

 Charles Lindbergh

 Charles Coughlin

 Neutrality Acts

The Impact of the War on Americans (35)

 War Production Board (WPB)

 Executive Order 9066

 *Korematsu v. U. S.*

Women’s Army Corps (WAC)

 Double V Campaign

 Tuskegee Airmen

 War Refugee Board

 Zoot Suit Riots

Fighting WWII (36)

 Allies

 Axis Powers

 Battle of Stalingrad

 D-Day

 Holocaust

 Battle of Midway

 Battle of Okinawa

 Manhattan Project

Cold War and Social Change

 [Gilder-Lehrman](https://www.gilderlehrman.org/history-now/1945-present)

First Levittown

 Truman Doctrine and Marshall Plan

 Taft-Hartley Act

 Berlin Blockade

 Truman Defeated Dewey

 Communist Revolution in China

 NSC-68

 Korean War

Internal Security Act

Hydrogen Bomb Test

Eisenhower Elected

Army-McCarthy Hearings

*Brown v. Board*

Warsaw Pact

Montgomery Bus Boycott

Federal Highway Act

Civil Rights Act of 1957

Federal Troops Sent to Little Rock

Sputnik 1

NASA

Sit-ins

 1950s Culture

 Music

 Sports

 Television

 Movies

 Art and Literature

 Cars

 Suburban Sprawl

 Politics (Cold War and Civil Rights)

 Nuclear Fear

 Fashion

 Consumerism

 Conformity (PSA *A Date with Your Family)*

Cold War Focus

 TCI 39.4-5 Cold War Abroad

 Propaganda

 Foreign Aid

 CIA and Covert Action

 Iran

Guatemala

 Dominican Republic

 Arms Race

 H-Bomb

 Brinksmanship

 Mutual Assured Destruction

 TCI 40 Cold War at Home

 Alger Hiss

 Rosenberg Trial

McCarthyism and HUAC

1960s and 1970s and Vietnam

 Kennedy’s Legacy (TCI 47)

Kennedy v. Nixon

 Public and Private Life

Cuban Missile Crisis

 Space Race (New Frontier)

 Civil Rights

 Vietnam

 Berlin Wall

 Civil Rights Focus

 Birmingham Children’s Crusade

 Civil Rights Act of 1964

 Selma March

 Voting Rights Act of 1965

 Fair Housing Act

 Civil Rights for Other Groups (TCI 46)

 United Farm Workers (UFW)

 National Organization for Women (NOW)

 American Indian Movement (AIM)

 Japanese-American Citizens League (JACL)

 Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA)

 Stonewall Riots

 Gray Panthers

LBJ

 Great Society

War of Poverty

Economic Opportunity Act

Medicare and Medicaid

Immigration Act of 1965

Miranda rights

 Expansion of War in Vietnam

Counter Culture

 New Left

 Hippies

 Sexual revolution

 Rock ’n‘ Roll

 Vietnam

 Viet Minh

 First Indochina War

 Geneva Accords

 Viet Cong

 Gulf of Tonkin Resolution

 North Vietnamese Army (NVA)

 Agent Orange

 War of attrition

 Army of the Republic of Vietnam (ARVN)

 Napalm

 Credibility gap

 Tet Offensive

 Vietnamization

 My Lai Massacre

 Kent State Shooting

 Pentagon Papers

Nixon (TCI 53)

OHSA (Occupational Safety and Health Administration)

EPA (Environmental Protection Agency)

Energy Crisis: (OPEC punished the U. S. for its support of Israel)

Stagflation (prices and unemployment rise, wages don’t)

Détente: lower tensions between U. S. and China/USSR

SALT (Strategic Arms Limitation Treaty): limited nuclear weapons for U. S.-USSR

Watergate

 Ford and Carter

Energy Crisis

National Energy Act, Malaise Speech

Camp David Accords

Egypt gets land back that Israel took in 1967 (and kept in 1973) Wars

Iran Hostage Crisis

Environmental Protection

Clean Water Act

Three Mile Island

Baby Bust

Rustbelt

 Reagan and George H. W. Bush (TCI 55)

 Reagan Revolution

 Moral Majority

 New Right

 Supply side economics

 *New Jersey v. TLO*

Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA)

 Savings and loan crisis

 Clinton, Bush, Obama Foreign Policy (TCI 58)

 European Union (EU)

 North American Free Trade Agreement (NAFTA)

 World Trade Organization (WTO)

 al Qaeda

 war on terror

 Taliban

 Arab Spring

Clinton, Bush, Obama and domestic policy (TCI 57)

 New Democrat

 Contract with America

 Temporary Assistance to Needy Families (TANF)

 Bush v. Gore

 No Child Left Behind Act (NCLB)

 9.11

 Stimulus

 Gridlock

 Debt ceiling